K-PPS certified excellent product No.2022224

K-PPS Innovative product(FT3) No.2020-293

K-PPS certified product No.2020-07-0057

SOC-EX-2020-1-005

KEC Technology Market-2017-0038

LH New Technology No.2018-Civil-13

Patent No.10-1614833 & 4 more complementary patents

High Functional Composites Form

H.F.C Eco-friendly floor formwork



| Technology overview |

It was developed with the goal of drastically reducing costs and stabilizing the quality by substituting the high-functional composites floor formwork for the PSC girder construction. The H.F.C floor formwork is a plastic eco-friendly formwork that can reduce construction costs, improve workability as well as reduce logistics and storage costs with the optimized design of the girder type.

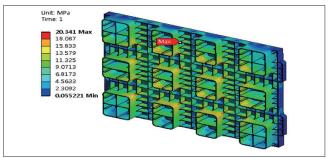
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Surface on top

Bottom of floor

| Key features of HFC floor formwork |

■ Technical excellence



- Proven excellent mechanical properties, dimensional stability, heat resistance, and long-term durability based on engineering plastics material
- Performance confirmation by field experiments and technical evaluations by research institutes

■ Better & easier construction



- Easier to install, dismantle, move, and store by standardization and integration
- 40% shorter construction period against conventional way

■ Excellent cost saving



- · Can be used semi-permanently repeatedly
- Reduced material costs by not using square lumbers (less than 3 times)
- · Reduced logistics costs by the lighter floor form

■ Eco-friendliness



- Recyclable Plastic Formwork
- CO2 reduction by reducing construction time and activating eco-friendly materials
- Minimum environmental destruction(logging) due to non-use of square lumber

| Product configuration |

Satisfactory bottom width for all girder types

Size (L×B×H), mm	Bottom width(B), mm	Application	Remarks		
1,000 × 700 × 125	660 / 680	Road bridge(30M), Railway bridge(25M)			
1,000 × 740 × 125	720	Road bridge(35M)			
1,000 × 935 × 125	900		H		
1,000 × 1,040 × 125	1,000	All types of girder			
1,000 × 1,130 × 125	1,100	All types of glider	L		
1,000 × 1,230 × 125	1,200		2		

| Comparison with conventional methods |

	Item	Conventional method (Square lumber & steel plate)	H.F.C floor formwork				
Installation on site							
	Patent	-	• No.10-1614833				
	Loading test	-	Accomplished at KCL in April, 2022				
	References	- Thousands of (for a long term, conventional way)	Many road and railway bridge projects as below; Railway bridge in the Pohang Youngilman new port link project (KR) Road bridge in the Honamseon improvement project (KEC) Local governments such as Jeonnam, Gangwondo				
Te	echnical overview	- Square lumbers and steel plates are used to construct the floor formwork of the cast-in-place girder, but it is difficult to reuse(less than 3 times) and there are problems with quality degradation such as damage to the structure due to deflection and deterioration of appearance.	The H.F.C floor formwork, developed to solve the problems of conventional methods, is a plastic eco-friendly formwork that can reduce construction costs, improve workability as well as reduce logistics and storage costs with the optimized design of the girder type.				
	Work flow	- complicated and difficult Laying of stone powder → square lumber (longitudinal, transversal) → steel plate	Simple and easy Laying of stone powder → Install floor formwork				
	Quality	Sagging of steel plate joints and sagging (swelling) between square lumbers due to materials with non-uniform stiffness and errors due to non-standardized installation methods	Based on structural stability (optimized design, special material with excellent stiffness), existing problems are solved, and structural reinforcement and sagging problems are eliminated by applying a shear key				
⊼ e	Constructability	Low efficiency due to separate assembly of heavy steel plates and square lumbers	Can be easily installed, moved, and dismantled as an integrated unit 40% shorter construction period compared to the conventional method				
y fea	Weight per meter	- About 60kg/M (Heavy to handel)	- About 20kg/M (66.7% lighter, Light enough to handle)				
Key features	Cost of logistics	High cost due to heavy steel plate and non-uniform shape (lumber)	Low by low weight and standardized size (80% cheaper than conventional way) Excellent (Semi-permanent use available)				
	Durability	Lumber: less than 3 times Steel plate: good	Excellent (Semi-permanent use available) (high strength and functional composite material)				
	Eco-friendliness	Lumber waste and continuous logging needs	Re-usable and reducing CO2				
	Cost	• 74 USD/m x 1.45 = 108 USD/m (average cost in the market)	- 83 USD/m (Roughly 23% cheaper)				

| Performance Verification |

Loading test

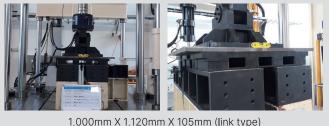
Specimen: H.F.C Form _ 1000mm x 1120mm x 105mm (connection type)

Steel plate: 1000mm x 1100mm x 3.2t

Square lumber: 84mm x 84mm, 40mm x 50mm

• Test equipment : 2,500kN Actuator (1200mm x 1200mm x 30t steel plate)

H.F.C Form



1,000mm X 1,120mm X 105mm (link type)

Square lumber, Steel plate



1,000mm X 1,120mm X 171mm

■ Displacement according to load

Load		H.F.C Form			Lumber and steel plate					
		1,000mm x 740mm 1,000mn		1,000mm >	x 1,120mm 1,000mm		x 740mm	1,000mm :	x 1,120mm	Remarks
kN/m²	tonf/m²	Displacement	Difference	Displacement	Difference	Displacement	Difference	Displacement	Difference	
9.8	≒ 1.0	3.24		1.80		3.46		2.38		Zero calibration
44.1	≒ 4.5	3.62	0.38	2.06	0.26	4.62	1.17	3.55	1.17	Checking load
49.0	≒ 5.0	3.65	0.41	2.08	0.28	4.76	1.30	3.65	1.27	
Breaking k	oad (kN/m²)	2,7	'64	Over	3,001	45	58	51	11	

| Attestation |



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LH New Technology No.2018-Civil-13



KOR Patent No.10-1614833



KOR Patent No.10-2114018



Vietnam patent NO.VN 28575



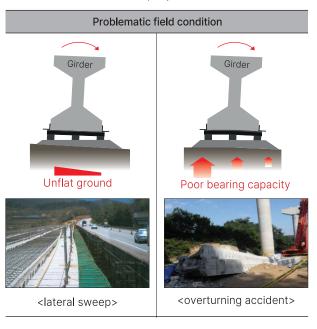
Indonesia patent NO.IDP000064660

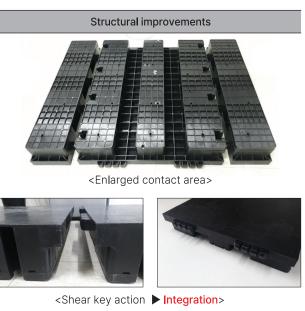


China patent NO.ZL201680026581.3

| Structural stability of H.F.C floor formwork |

- Prevention differential settlement due to un-flatness and poor bearing capacity at site (Prevention of lateral sweep)
- 3 times more contact area, a quarter deflection and 6 times stiffness against conventional method





| Project references |

■ Construction

Project owner	Main contractor	Project name		
KR	Jinheung corporation	Pohang Youngilman new port link project		
KEC	Boseong E&C	Honamseon improvement project		
Jeo ll anam-do		Songgwang stream improvement project		
Heongseong-gun		Anheung-Saeje road project		
LH	Seohan	Gwachen route 47 bypass project		
Chilgok-gun		Pyungbok bridge project		
LH	Daewoo E&C	Gwachen public housing district		
KEC	Posco E&C	Ganjin-Gwangju expressway project (sec 2)		
KEC	Daewoo E&C	Ganjin-Gwangju expressway project (sec 1)		
KEC	KCC E&C	Sejong-Anseong expressway project (sec 5)		
KEC	Namkwang E&C	Sejong-Anseong expressway project (sec 1)		
KEC	Hanwha E&C	Sejong-Anseong expressway project (sec 2)		

Design

Project owner	Main contractor			
KEC	Inju-Yumchi expressway project (sec 2)			
Gimhae-si	Chojeong-Hwamyun linking road project			
KEC	Daesan-Dangjin expressway project (sec 3)			
LH	Road adjacent to Anyang stream project			
KEC	Ganjin-Gwangju expressway project (sec 1~7)			
KEC	Outside Ulsan expressway project			
KEC	Sejong-Cheongju expressway project (sec 4)			
KEC	Dangjin Asan expressway project (sec 1)			

^{*}KEC: Korea Expressway Corporation, KR: Korea National Railway

^{*}PPS: Public Procurement Service

| Construction order |

Step_1 Site preparation



Step_5 Pour concrete & curing



Step_2 Deliver floor formworks to site



Step_6 Erection of PSC girders



Step_3 Install floor formworks



Step_7 Dismantle floor formworks



Step_4 Rebar assembly and Install steel formworks



Step_8 Back to storage yard



| Comparison with conventional methods |

on with conventional methods



Separation at the steel plate joints by using of old lumbers





Securing the construction quality at joints by applying H.F.C floor formwork



Bad bottom condition due to the use of old lumbers



Securing stable constructability with shear key connection of floor formwork



Bad bottom condition due to the use of old lumbers



Securing the quality of clean and flat bottom



Stain due to bending of steel plate and rust



Securing constructability with eco-friendly formwork made of high-functional composite materials



Defects due to differential settlement under the soft ground construction(lateral sweep)



Securing sufficient ground contact area (3 times more than square lumber) and rigidity

